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1. A system, comprising:

user directives provided to indicate user desired actions;

instruction information provided to define a suite of instructions; and

a SBE generation tool arranged to generate a software built-in self-test engine (SBE)

based on the user directives, the instruction information and device constraints, for subsequent

storage on-board of a complex device under test (DUT) and activation of a re-generative

functional test on the complex device under test (DUT).

2. The system as claimed in claim 1, wherein said SBE generation tool comprises: a random instruction test generator (RIT-G) composer arranged to receive the user directives and the instruction information and generate a compact RIT-G code;

a test execution directive composer arranged to receive the user directives and the device constraints and create a run time environment needed to enable the re-generative functional test to repeatedly generate functional tests and execute generated tests on-board the complex device under test (DUT);

a test result compaction module composer arranged to generate a test result compaction module code; and

a code merger arranged to merge code from the RIT-G composer, the test execution

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directive composer and the test result compaction module composer to generate the software built-in self-test engine (SBE).

- 3. The system as claimed in claim 1, wherein said SBE is merged with an expected test result and then loaded on-board a complex device under test (DUT) so as to activate a regenerative functional test on the complex device under test (DUT) and make a comparison between test results of the re-generative functional test and the expected test result to check for design validations and/or manufacturing defects.
- 4. The system as claimed in claim 3, wherein said expected test result is obtained from computer modeling of the complex device under test (DUT) or from a known good device.
- 5. The system as claimed in claim 2, wherein said SBE generation tool is a software tool installed on a system for generating the software built-in self-test engine (SBE), and wherein individual components of said SBE generation tool, including the random instruction test generator (RIT-G) composer, the test execution directive composer, the test result compaction module composer, and the code merger, are software modules written in any computer language.
- 6. The system as claimed in claim 5, wherein said SBE generation tool is provided on a computer readable medium.

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- 7. The system as claimed in claim 2, wherein said SBE generation tool is a hardware implementation installed in the system for generating the software built-in self-test engine (SBE).
- 8. The system as claimed in claim 2, wherein said run time environment includes a test execution environment which employs an exception handler for handling illegal conditions such as undesirable memory accesses, deadlock, shut-down, and infinite loops, and a RIT environment which provides equivalent operating system (OS) functions needed by the RIT generator to generate the re-generative functional test.
- 9. The system as claimed in claim 2, wherein said compact RIT-G code produced is a C-language program which is compiled by a C-compiler to produce an assembly language version of the RIT-G code, and when the run time environment, the test result compaction module code and the assembly language version of the RIT-G code are assembled by an assembler, a single program indicating the SBE in the target DUT's object code is obtained.
- 10. The system as claimed in claim 9, wherein said compact RIT-G code includes an instruction generation module for generating individual instructions during testing application.
 - 11. The system as claimed in claim 1, wherein said software built-in self-test engine

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(SBE) as generated comprises:

a RIT generator configured with compact RIT machine code that can reside on-board the complex device under test (DUT) for generating the re-generated functional test:

a test program execution module configured with test execution directives for providing a run time environment to store and run the re-generated functional test; and

a test result compaction module configured with compression machine code that compresses test results of the re-generated functional test for storage on-board the complex device under test (DUT).

- 12. The system as claimed in claim 11, wherein said test execution environment employs an exception handler for handling illegal conditions such as undesirable memory accesses, deadlock, shut-down, and infinite loops.
- 13. The system as claimed in claim 1, wherein said complex device under test (DUT) indicates a microprocessor.
- 14. The system as claimed in claim 13, wherein, when test patterns of the SBE are applied to the microprocessor from an on-board memory, the microprocessor performs the following:
 - beginning a set-up for executing test patterns;

5 executing the test patterns to generate a series of test sequences and associated data for

respective test sequences;

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running the test sequences, and at the end of the test sequences, obtaining the test results for storage in the on-board memory; and

dumping the test results of the test patterns for making a comparison with the expected test result to check for design validations and/or manufacturing defects.

- 15. The system as claimed in claim 14, wherein said software built-in self-test engine (SBE) is programmed to generate and execute one or more ("N") instruction sequences, each sequence being executed on one or more (M) data sets, where N and M represent an integer no less than "1" and are user-specified numbers used in generating the SBE by the SBE generation tool.
- 16. The system as claimed in claim 15, wherein said software built-in self-test engine (SBE) is further programmed to generate one or more signatures to provide a unique identification of the test result of each test sequence and indicate whether the test result of a particular test sequence is "good" or "bad".
- 17. A computer readable medium having stored thereon a software built-in self-test engine (SBE) generation software tool which, when executed by a host system, causes the system

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demanding inputs of user directives indicating user desired actions;

obtaining instruction information provided to define a suite of instructions; and

generating a software built-in self-test engine (SBE) based on the user directives, the

instruction information and device constraints, for subsequent storage on-board of a complex

device under test (DUT) and activation of a re-generative functional test on the complex device

under test (DUT).

18. The computer readable medium as claimed in claim 17, wherein said SBE generation tool comprises:

a random instruction test generator (RIT-G) composer arranged to receive the user directives and the instruction information and generate a compact RIT-G code;

a test execution directive composer arranged to receive the user directives and the device constraints and create a run time environment needed to enable the re-generative functional test to repeatedly generate functional tests and execute generated tests on-board the complex device under test (DUT);

a test result compaction module composer arranged to generate a test result compaction module code; and

a code merger arranged to merge code from the RIT-G composer, the test execution directive composer and the test result compaction module composer to generate the software

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built-in self-test engine (SBE).

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- 19. The computer readable medium as claimed in claim 18, wherein said SBE is merged with an expected test result and then loaded on-board a complex device under test (DUT) so as to activate a re-generative functional test on the complex device under test (DUT) and make a comparison between test results of the re-generative functional test and the expected test result to check for design validations and/or manufacturing defects.
- 20. The computer readable medium as claimed in claim 19, wherein said expected test result is obtained from computer modeling of the complex device under test (DUT) or from a known good device.
- 21. The computer readable medium as claimed in claim 18, wherein said run time environment includes a test execution environment which employs an exception handler for handling illegal conditions such as undesirable memory accesses, deadlock, shut-down, and infinite loops, and a RIT environment which provides equivalent operating system (OS) functions needed by the RIT generator to generate the re-generative functional test.
- 22. The computer readable medium as claimed in claim 18, wherein said compact RIT-G code produced is a C-language program which is compiled by a C-compiler to produce an

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- assembly language version of the RIT-G code, and when the run time environment, the test result compaction module code and the assembly language version of the RIT-G code are assembled by an assembler, a single program indicating the SBE in the target DUT's object code is obtained.
 - 23. The computer readable medium as claimed in claim 18, wherein said compact RIT-G code includes an instruction generation module for generating individual instructions during testing application.
 - 24. The computer readable medium as claimed in claim 17, wherein said software built-in self-test engine (SBE) as generated comprises:
 - a RIT generator configured with compact RIT machine code that can reside on-board the complex device under test (DUT) for generating the re-generated functional test;
 - a test program execution module configured with test execution directives for providing a run time environment to store and run the re-generated functional test; and
 - a test result compaction module configured with compression machine code that compresses test results of the re-generated functional test for storage on-board the complex device under test (DUT).
 - 25. The computer readable medium as claimed in claim 17, wherein said software built-in self-test engine (SBE) is programmed to generate and execute one or more ("N")

instruction sequences during testing, each sequence being executed on one or more (M) data sets,

where N and M represent an integer no less than "1" and are user-specified numbers used in

generating the SBE by the SBE generation tool.

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26. The computer readable medium as claimed in claim 25, wherein said software built-in self-test engine (SBE) is further programmed to generate one or more signatures to provide a unique identification of the test result of each test sequence and indicate whether the test result of a particular test sequence is "good" or "bad".

27. A method for generating a software built-in self-test engine (SBE) for on-chip generation and application of a re-generative functional test on a complex device under test (DUT), comprising:

obtaining user directives which indicate user desired actions;

obtaining instruction information which defines a suite of instructions; and

generating a software built-in self-test engine (SBE) based on the user directives, the

instruction information and device constraints, for subsequent storage on-board of a complex

device under test (DUT) and activation of a re-generative functional test on the complex device

under test (DUT).

28. The method as claimed in claim 27, wherein said software built-in self-test engine

(SBE) is generated by:

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generating a compact random instruction test generator (RIT-G) code based on the user directives and the instruction information;

creating a run time environment needed to enable the re-generative functional test to repeatedly generate functional tests and execute generated tests on-board the complex device under test (DUT) based on the device constraints;

generating a test result compaction module code based on the user directives and the device constraints; and

merging the RIT-G code, the run time environment and the test result compaction module code to obtain the software built-in self-test engine (SBE).

- 29. The method as claimed in claim 27, wherein said SBE is merged with an expected test result and then loaded on-board a complex device under test (DUT) so as to activate a regenerative functional test on the complex device under test (DUT) and make a comparison between test results of the re-generative functional test and the expected test result to check for design validations and/or manufacturing defects.
- 30. The method as claimed in claim 29, wherein said expected test result is obtained from computer modeling of the complex device under test (DUT) or from a known good device.

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31. The method as claimed in claim 28, wherein said run time environment includes a test execution environment which employs an exception handler for handling illegal conditions such as undesirable memory accesses, deadlock, shut-down, and infinite loops, and a RIT environment which provides equivalent operating system (OS) functions needed by the RIT generator to generate the re-generative functional test.

- 32. The method as claimed in claim 28, wherein said compact RIT-G code produced is a C-language program which is compiled by a C-compiler to produce an assembly language version of the RIT-G code, and when the run time environment, the test result compaction module code and the assembly language version of the RIT-G code are assembled by an assembler, a single program indicating the SBE in the target DUT's object code is obtained.
- 33. The method as claimed in claim 28, wherein said complex device under test (DUT) indicates a microprocessor.
- 34. The method as claimed in claim 28, wherein, when test patterns of the SBE are applied to the microprocessor from an on-board memory, the microprocessor performs the following:
- beginning a set-up for executing test patterns;

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executing the test patterns to generate a series of test sequences and associated data for

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6 respective test sequences;

running the test sequences, and at the end of the test sequences, obtaining the test results for storage in the on-board memory; and

dumping the test results of the test patterns for making a comparison with the expected test result to check for design validations and/or manufacturing defects.

- 35. The method as claimed in claim 34, wherein said software built-in self-test engine (SBE) is programmed to generate and execute one or more ("N") instruction sequences, each sequence being executed on one or more (M) data sets during testing, where N and M represent an integer no less than "1" and are user-specified numbers used in generating the SBE.
- 36. The method as claimed in claim 35, wherein said software built-in self-test engine (SBE) is further programmed to generate one or more signatures to provide a unique identification of the test result of each test sequence and indicate whether the test result of a particular test sequence is "good" or "bad".